Maryl Maryl Inter	and Hi and In Count	storical Trust ventory of Hist y Connector Pro	oric Properties ject	Form	DOE	yesno
	Name:	(indicate preferred	name)	<u> </u>		
historio	Henry.	C. Miller Property		1 * Pu 11		
and/or o	common Ba	rbara Sykes Property				
2.	Locat	ion:				
street 8	k number	16600 Brogden Road		not fo	or publica	ition
city, to	own Spenc	erville	vicinity of	congressio	nal distr	·ict
state		Maryland	county Montgom	ery		
3.	Class:	ification:				
Categorydistr _x_buildstructsiteobject	rict ding(s) cture	Ownershippublic _x_privateboth Public Acquisitionin processbeing considered _x_not applicable	Status _x_occupiedunoccupiedwork in progress Accessibleyes: restricted _yes: unrestricted _x_no	Present Usagriculcommercieducatientertagovernmindustrmilitartranspo	Lture _ cial _ Lon _ ainment ment _ cial _	museumpark X_private residence _religious _scientific _other:
	Barbara S.	of Property:	(give names and maili	.ng addresses	; of <u>all</u> o	wners)
		48 Halifax Street		teleph	none no.:	
city, tow	vn Jamai	ca Plains		state and	zip code	MA 02130
5.	Locat	ion of Legal	Description	·		
Land Rec	ords Offi	ce of Montgomery County	/		li	ber 9032
street &	number	Montgomery County Judio	cial Center		fc	olio 861
city, tow	n Rock	ville			s	state MD
6.	Repres	sentation in	Existing Histo	rical	Surve	ys
title						
date			federal	state _	county	local
deposito	ry for su	rvey records				
.y,tow	/n				state	

7. Description

Survey No. M:15-82 (PACS D3.34)

excellent good x fair	deteriorated ruins	Check oneunaltered _x_altered	Check one _x_original sitemoved	date of move	
<u>x</u> fair	unexposed				

Resource Count: 2 _____

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Henry C. Miller Property is a 2-story, 2-bay house on the west side of Brogden Road in the Spencerville vicinity, Montgomery County. Constructed circa 1890, the building is L-shaped in plan with at least three additions to the original house. The original house is a side-gable structure, 2-stories tall by 1-room deep. Attached to the rear of this section is a 2-story, rear ell. Projecting from the west side of the rear ell and the rear of the original house is a 2-story shed roof addition, with a 1-story shed roof addition to the west. It is of wood frame construction with adhesive veneer brick veneer siding, and it has a stone foundation. The windows are double-hung wood sash. The house has a 1-story, wrap-around, hipped roof porch on the front and east elevations. The porch has a poured concrete floor and has eight posts with arched brackets. The porch has a closed railing covered with brick veneer, the remainder of which is enclosed by screened panels.

The south, or front facade has a side-passage first story entrance, consisting of a 15-light glass and panel door covered by an aluminum storm door. The first floor has a vinyl 1/1 double-bung window, while the second story has two 2/2, double-hung windows.

Ine east elevation has an entrance to the screen porch. The fenestration pattern is irregular, with no windows on the basement level and four 2/2, double-hung windows and a solid wood panelled door on the first story. The second story has three 2/2, double-hung windows and the attic level has a single-light fixed sash window in the gable end of the original portion of the house. The rear ell has a shed dormer at the attic level with a 2/2 double-hung window.

The east elevation of the rear ell has one 1/1 double-hung vinyl window and a triple 2/2 window on the first floor and one 2/2 double-hung window on the second floor. The rear ell has a shed dormer at the attic level with a 2/2 double-hung window.

The north, or rear elevation of the rear ell has an irregular fenestration pattern, with one enclosed window on the basement level and one 2/2, double-hung window on the first story. The second story has one 2/2, double-hung window and one 4-light fixed sash window.

The north elevation of the side additions has three windows on the first floor, including one 6/6 double-hung window, one diamond-pattern over a 2-light double-hung window and one single light fixed sash window.

The west elevation of the original section of the house has no windows on the basement level and one 1/1, double-hung vinyl window on the first story. The second story has one 2/2, double-hung window and the attic level has one 4-light fixed sash window in the gable end.

The west elevation of the shed roof addition has one 2/2, double-hung vinyl window on the first story and a 2/2 double-hung window on the second floor. The 1-story shed roof addition attached rear of this section has a 4-light wood door on its west elevation.

There is one outbuilding associated with this building. The outbuilding is a garage with a front-gable roof covered with front seam metal. Constructed circa 1910, it is of wood frame construction.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

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ADDRESS: 16600 Brogden Road, Spencerville, Montgomery County '

7. Description (Continued)

The property is located on the west side of Brogden Road, with residential property on all sides. There are several large trees and some foundation plantings on a lot that slopes down toward the northwest. The property's setting is moderately developed with suburban residences and is altered by the recent construction of a house, the driveway of which crosses the property of this resource, and by high tension wires and towers located on an adjacent tax parcel.

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8. Significance

Survey No. M:15-82 (PACS D3.34)

	Areas of Signiarchaeology-prehistoric		stify below landscape architectur	rereligion
1400-1499	archeology-historic	conservation	law	science
1500 - 1599	agriculture	economics	literature	sculpture
1600 - 1699	architecture	education	military	social/
1700-1799)art	engineering	music	humanitarian
x 1800 - 1899	commerce	exploration/settlement	philosophy	theater
1900 -		industry invention	politics/government	transportation other (specify)
Specific da	ites circa 1890 _		Builder/Architect	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
check:	Applicable Criteria: and/or	ABC	D	
	Applicable Exception	s:ABC	DEFG	
	Level of Significand	e:national	statelocal	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Henry C. Miller purchased 4.55 hectares (11.25 acres) of land just north of Sandy Spring Road and the town of Spencerville from the Watts family in 1887. In 1913, Miller sold the property to Asa and Albina Stabler who then sold it to Roger and Pearl Brogden in 1916. The property was transferred by will twice since 1916. As a result of the most recent transfer in 1989, the property was divided into two parcels, the parcel with the house belonging to Barbara Sykes.

Ine Henry C. Miller Property is located in the town of Spencerville, on land originally patented in 1703 as "Bear Bacon" and in 1715 as "Snowden's Manor Enlarged" in what was then Prince George's County. This patent was a resurvey of earlier Snowden patents, and it increased Snowden family holdings to 3749 hectares (9265 acres) of land in what is now four Maryland counties. In 1850, William Spencer of Pennsylvania settled in the area when he led his relatives and others from Southhampton Township, Pennsylvania into Montgomery County. A small community called Drayton was formed by Spencer on the Laurel Road (present Spencerville Road), which connected the Quaker settlements of Sandy Spring and Ashton with the railroad line at Laurel. The settlement was renamed Spencerville in 1859 in honor of William Spencer.

In the late nineteenth century, Spencerville reached its peak of importance as an economic and social center. The town contained over 100 residents, as well as two stores, a post office, a blacksmith shop, a physician's office and a grange.

The town began to decline in the first few decades of the twentieth century as the local economy shifted from agriculture to a reliance on the industries and job opportunities created by the federal government. The town was small and rural until after the Second World War, when rapid economic growth in southern Montgomery County and improved roads made Spencerville accessible to new residents. Empty lots in the town were filled with modern residences, while the surrounding area retained a rural character. Many of the old working farms remain, however, the area continues to grow into one of the major suburban centers outside of Washington, D.C.

Advancements in transportation and machinery allowed for the wide-spread construction of vernacular cottages such as the Henry C. Miller Property. Between 1870 and 1940 the vernacular extrage style was typically built for Americans of modest means. They are characterized by aple ornamentation and mass-produced components, such as door frames, moldings, sash and window units, and porch decoration. The development of post-Civil War machinery capable of producing large amounts of standardized housing elements, such as those found in cottages, contributed

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 $_{ t H}$ **ADDRESS:** 16600 Brogden Road, Spencerville, Montgomery County $^{\prime}$

8. Significance (Continued)

greatly to the development of the modern American housing industry. Designs for vernacular cottages were obtained from popular magazines, such as <u>House Beautiful</u>, or carpenter's and builder's journals, such as <u>American Builder</u>. A variety of front-gable, side-gable, cross-gable, gable-front-and-wing, and hipped roof frame cottages were developed in the early to mid-twentieth century. Front-gable and hipped roof cottages are one to two-stories tall, 3 bays wide and several rooms deep. Side-gable and cross-gable structures are usually two to two-and-a-half-stories tall, are typically two to three bays in width and vary from one to three rooms deep. They usually include a porch covered with a shed roof. Porches are supported by posts often containing machine-produced Victorian ornamentation. Some cottages feature ornamentation drawn from Craftsman style or Colonial Revival architecture (Gottfried and Jennings 1988, viii-xv).

NATIONAL REGISTER EVALUATION:

The Henry C. Miller Property, constructed circa 1890, is not eligible for the National Register of Historic Places due to a lack of architectural integrity and a loss of its historic setting. The does not meet Criteria A and B, as it has no known association with historically significant is sons or events. It is not eligible under Criterion C due to a lack of architectural integrity and loss of material integrity. The exterior of the house has been covered with applied adhesive veneer brick, several of the windows have been replaced with vinyl windows and the wrap-around porch has been enclosed. Several additions have been constructed on the west and south sides of the house, altering the original form of the cottage. A new house is under construction northwest of the house and high-tension wires and towers pass the house on an adjacent tax parcel. Finally the property has no known potential to yield important information, and therefore, does not meet Criterion D.

	YLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
Eligibility recommendedComments	Eligibility Not Recommended X
	
Seviewer, OPS: E. HannoAd/K. William	ms

Major Bibliographical References survey No. M:15-82(PACS D3.34) 9. attached Geographical Data 10. Acreage of nominated property Quadrangle name <u>Clarksville</u>, <u>MD</u> Quadrangle scale 1:24,000 Verbal boundary description and justification List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code code county state code code county 11. Form Prepared By name/title Caroline Hall/Tim Tamburrino date October 1996 organization P.A.C. Spero & Company street & number 40 W. Chesapeake Avenue, Suite 412 telephone (410) 296-1635

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

state Maryland

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposed only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

city or town Baltimore

Maryland Historical Trust

DHCP/DHCD

100 Community Place

Crownsville, MD 21032-2023

(410) 514-7600

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STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

RESOURCE NAME: Henry C. Miller Property

*URVEY NO.: M:15-82 (PACS D3.34)

ADDRESS: 16600 Brogden Road, Spencerville, Montgomery County '

9. Major Bibliographical References (Continued)

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STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

RESOURCE NAME: Henry C. Miller Property

URVEY NO.: M:15-82 (PACS D3.34)

ADDRESS: 16600 Brogden Road, Spencerville, Montgomery County

Maryland Comprehensive Historic Preservation Plan Data Sheet

Historic Context:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period Theme (s):

11. Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s):

2. Architecture

RESOURCE TYPE:

Category (see Section 3 of survey form):

Building

Historic Environment (urban, suburban, village, or rural):

Village

Historic Function(s) and Use(s):

Dwelling

Known Design Source (write none if unknown):

None

Preparer P.A.C. Spero & Company October 1996

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

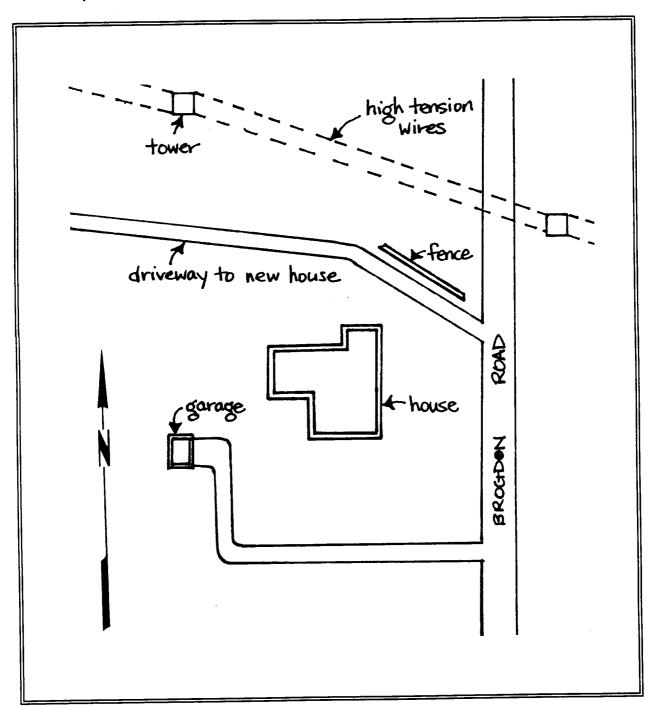
STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM
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10. Geographical Data (Continued)

Resource Sketch Map:



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2 Henry Callillar timering 3 Withtonian Soundy 4 The Tamburino 5 February 1996 6 PAC Speco and Company, Towson MD 21204 16600 Brogden Road, SE corner front and east 8144 elevations



2 Henry C. Miller Figurity 3 Montgomery County 4 Jim Jamburino 5 February 1996 - PAC Speco and Company, Towson NO 21204 7 16600 Brigher Read, Southwest corner 8244



2 Henry C. Miler Property 3 Montgomery County 4 Jim Tamburuno 5 February 1996 PAC Spew and Company, Towson ND 21204 7 16600 Brogden Road, Horthwest corner 8314



1 M:15-82 2 Herro S. Miller Property 3 Montgomeny County 4 Jim Jamburino 5 February 1996 & PAC Spew and Company Towson AID 716600 Brogden Road, garage 84064